

XI CONGRESO NACIONAL

**GeSIDA**

GRUPO DE ESTUDIO DEL SIDA. SEIMC  
XIII REUNIÓN DOCENTE DE LA RED  
DE INVESTIGACIÓN EN SIDA

TOLEDO

10 A 13 DE DICIEMBRE DE 2019



## Strategies to minimize time from HIV acquisition to cART initiation in a cohort of individuals with acute/recent HIV infection in Barcelona.

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FUNDACIÓ LLUITA  
CONTRA LA SIDA



Germans Trias i Pujol  
Hospital  
Institut Català de la Salut



BCN  
**checkpoint**  
HOMES · SEXUALITAT · SALUT



## Background/Objectives

Establishing a cohort of  
HIV acute/recent infection

- ↓↓ Link-to-care to HIV Units
- Rapid treatment initiation**
- ↓↓ Time to UD.

Retention  
in care

Platform of candidates for HIV cure trials.

Community center for MSM Health,  
HIV & STI testing**140-170** new HIV  
diagnoses/yearRepresent **51%** new  
cases in MSM in BCN.

PoC Technology (GeneExpert for NAT)

MSM  
3 monthly testing*Education program on  
identification of acute  
infection*

Positive

Negative  
But suspected

Xpert® HIV-1 Qual (PCR)

Xpert® HIV-1 Qual (PCR)

Positive

Negative

Run WB same day and  
Link to HIV Unit (**<48h**)**Repeat in 7days** if  
persists high suspicion of  
acute infectionBSL samples, ELISA; WB, VL, CD4, Genotype,  
HLAB27 → **same day / early cART**

## Methods

## Early\_cART Cohort (2013 Q4-2018 Q4)

Suspected Acute/Early HIV  
n=325

## Excluded:

Not confirmed (n=48)  
False HIV positive (n=7)Confirmed Acute/Early HIV  
n=270Withdraw IC (n=3)  
Do not start cART/Discontinue  
cART(n=13)  
Moved to another hospital (n=23)  
Not pre\_cART samples (n=3)  
LOFU for >1.5 yrs (n=12)  
Others (n=2)Retained in-care &  
on\_cART  
n=214

| Year       | Follow-up |
|------------|-----------|
| 1st, 2nd   | 3months   |
| 3rd        | 6months   |
| 4th and on | 12 months |

## Study variables:

- ✓ Demographic data
- ✓ Estimated date of HIV acquisition
- ✓ Time from acquisition to start treatment (to be <6m)
- ✓ Fiebig stage at cART initiation
- ✓ Link-to-care
- ✓ Retention-in-care

To estimate date of  
HIV-1 acquisition

## Fiebig

|                                                 |     |        |              |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----|--------|--------------|
| 0- Know exposure                                |     |        | 0            |
| 1- Documented Acute Retroviral Syndrome         | I   | 7-21d  | 15           |
| 2- 4th gen test with Agp24 pos & Ab neg         | II  | 18-24d | 21           |
| 3- ELISA pos with WBlot neg.                    | III | 21-25d | 23           |
| 4- WBlot incomplete (<2 envelope bands)         | IV  | 21-29d | 25           |
| 5- Wblot minus p31 (confirms<90 days infection) | V   | 30-90d | 60           |
| 6- Negative serology- positive (<6months apart) | VI  | <6m    | Middle point |

## Results



98%

34 (±9) years old

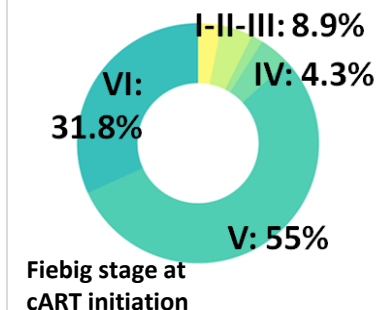
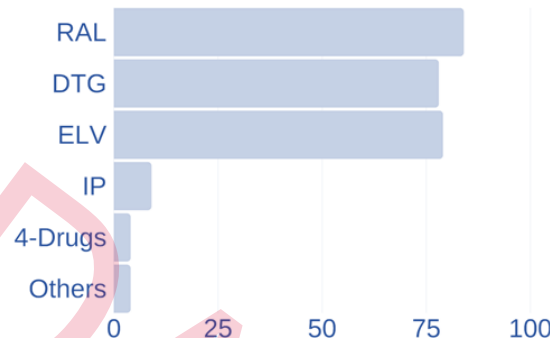


95.5% (258)

Spanish 57% (154)

CD4 : 508cels/ml

CD8 : 1003 cels/ml

Ratio: 0.64 (ds  
0.41)pVL 1.335.685  
cp/ml

Implementation of Cohort

Universal cART + PrEP

Early HIV infection  
diagnosis (n=270)

13 (Q4)

44 (32%)  
13661 (41%)  
14961 (44%)  
13950 (34%)  
14741 (32%)  
130

Total new diagnosis

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

Median time in link-  
to-care (range):Mann-Whitney  
p=0.00110  
(1-35)6  
(0-20)Median time from HIV  
to cART (range):Mann-Whitney  
p=0.032968  
(15 - 131)69  
(6 - 169)61  
(12 - 162)53  
(12 - 152)46  
(17 - 162)Retained in-care  
& on\_cART  
n=214

&lt;1 yr: 38

&gt;1 yr: 45

&gt;2yrs: 46

&gt;3yrs: 45

&gt;4yrs: 27

&gt;5yrs: 12

Progressive reduction in time to viral suppression



## Conclusions

- **Acute/early infections** were confirmed in one third of new HIV diagnoses in a community center.

→ Standardize and increase the diagnosis of Acute/Recent HIV infection in BCN by using / enhancing already existing resources

- **Reduction in referral time to HIV units after diagnosis** translated into a shorter time with detectable HIV viraemia in early stages of HIV infection.

→ Reduce 'community' pVL → transmission to others

- Provides a **platform of potential candidates** to be enrolled in cure strategies trials.

- Allows storage of biological samples longitudinally, before and after cART initiation, permitting viral & immunopathogenesis studies.



# 90-90-90

An ambitious treatment target  
to help end the AIDS epidemic

$n \approx 70$

ARBRE

BCN01<sup>b</sup>

BCN02

AELIX002

(Impact of AntiRetroviral  
Therapy on BBrain OutcomEs)

Therapeutic  
vaccine clinical  
trials

(a) Noguera J, Ebiomedicine 2016.

(b) Mothe B, EclinicalMedicine, 2019.